

Longney C of E Primary Academy

Subject: Geography

Year 2/3

Enquiry question:
How has the land affected the growth of Bristol and Rome?

What should I already know?

What the different types of settlements there are:

Hamlet is a very small settlement with just a group of houses.

Village is also small but may have houses, a primary school, a few shops, a Post Office and a village hall.

Town is larger than a village, with lots of houses, primary and secondary schools, as well as sometimes having a railway station and shopping centre.

City is the largest type of settlement, containing lots of buildings and lots of people. They usually have hospitals, sports facilities, universities, shops, offices, many houses and often a cathedral.

Continents - Asia, Africa, North and South America, Antarctica, Europe, Australasia.

Key vocabulary

Bristol - Is a city in England.

River Avon - A river in the South West of England.

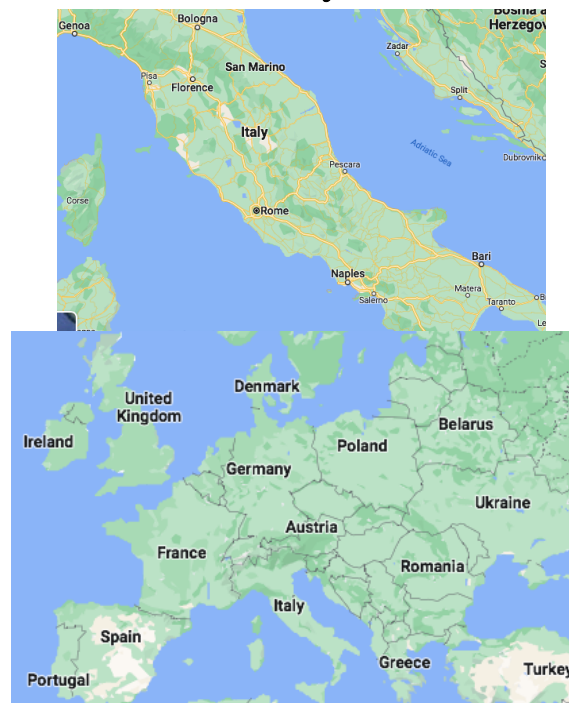
Greenbelt - a buffer between towns and between town and countryside.

Rome - Capital city of Italy.

Italy - A country located in the middle of the Mediterranean Sea. In Southern/Western Europe.

Key facts/figures

Italy



South West of England



National curriculum specification:

- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.
 - Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region in a European country.
- Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.